# **Product Safety Data Sheet**

Complies with Directive 1907/2006/EC (UK)

#### 1. Identification of Product & Company

Product name: Cyclo DOT Brake Fluid 125ml 03040

Intended Use: Brake fluid for bicycles, Blend of polyglycol ethers, glycol ether borate esters and polyglycols with added

corrosion and oxidation inhibitors.

Company Name: Weldtite Products Ltd., Unit 9, Harrier Road, Humber Bridge Industrial Estate, Barton-on-Humber North

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#### **2 Hazard Identification**

#### 2.1 Physical Hazards

Not significant.

## 2.2 Health Hazards

Not classified but slightly irritating to eyes. Mildly irritating to skin. When ingested it may be absorbed and cause renal damage at high desage

### 2.3 Environmental Hazards

Low

Classification: This product is not classified as hazardous under current EU legislation.

Risk Phrases: n/a

#### 3. Composition / Information of Ingredients

Substance Name	EINECS No.	CAS No.	% Conc.	Hazard	Risk Phrases
			Range	Symbols	
Butyl tri glycol	205-592-6	143-22-6	<20	Xi	R36
Di ethylene glycol	203-872-2	111-46-6	<20	Xn	R22
Methyl di glycol	203-906-6	111-77-3	<5	Xn	R63

Substances presenting a health hazard within the meaning of the Chemicals (Hazard Information & Packing) Regulations 2002, see under Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.

#### **4 First Aid Measures**

# 4.1 Inhalation

Remove to fresh air. If recovery is not rapid, seek medical attention.

# 4.2 Skin Contact

Remove contaminated clothing. Wash affected skin with soap and water. If irritation persists seek medical attention.

# 4.3 Eye Contact

Flush eye with water for at least 10 mins. If irritation persists seek medical attention.

# 4.4 Ingestion

Obtain medical advice immediately. If patient is fully conscious, wash out mouth with water and give plenty of water to drink. Induce vomiting only under medical supervision.

# 4.5 Note to Physicians

Medical personnel seeking to administer first aid are referred to the services of the Poisons Information Centre, who can advise in such instances. There is no specific antidote and treatment of over exposure should be directed at control of symptoms and the patient's clinical condition.

#### **5 Fire Fighting Measures**

#### 5.1 Suitable Extinguishing Media

Alcohol resistant foam, dry powder or water (fog or fine spray).

# 5.2 Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

Water jets (although these may be used to cool adjacent containers).

#### 5.3 Exposure Hazards

No special risk - combustion products may contain harmful or irritant fumes.

# 5.4 Special Protective Equipment

In extreme conditions self-contained breathing apparatus should be worn.

#### 6 Accidental release measures

#### **6.1 Personal Precautions**

Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. When cleaning up large spillages, suitable protective clothing should be worn including eye protection and impervious gloves.

### **6.2 Environmental Precaution**

Prevent from entering drains, ditches or rivers. If this happens inform relevant authorities. Prevent gross contamination of soil.

# 6.3 Methods for Cleaning Up

Contain spillage using sand or earth. Remove all material to a suitable container for subsequent disposal. Label Salvage Container appropriately. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water.

Data sheet: 03040 Date: 30.10.07 Issue: 1.0 1 of 3

# 7 Storage & Handling 7.1 Storage

Suitable bulk storage vessels are mild/stainless steel tanks fitted with a dry air breathing system or tight head steel drums. Do not store in lined tanks or drums. Brake fluid absorbs water from the atmosphere -always keep containers tightly closed. Avoid contamination with any other substances and in particular with mineral oils which are incompatible.

#### 7.2 Handling

No specific handling precautions are necessary.

#### 7.3 Specific Use

Users are referred to the Specification SAE J1707 "Service Maintenance of Brake Fluids"

#### 8 Exposure Controls & Personal Protection

#### 8.1 Exposure Controls

No official TLV/OEL figures available for the entire preparation. However,8 h TWA limits of 100 mg/m³ vapour or 10 mg/m³ particulate should be adhered to and this will ensure no limits for ingredients are exceeded. Due to the low vapour pressure of the preparation, vapour is not generally a problem at ambient temperature. Handling equipment should minimise the formation of mists.

#### 8.2 Respiratory Protection

No specific precautions at ambient temperature. If fluid is being heated or atomised, use suitable engineering control measures.

#### 8.3 Hand Protection

Wear suitable impervious gloves to avoid prolonged or repeated contact. Polyethylene natural or butyl rubber and PVC are suitable

#### 8.4 Eye Protection

Wear close-fitting goggles where there is a risk of splashing. Eye baths should be provided at locations where accidental exposure may occur

#### 8.5 Skin Protection

9.7 Auto-Ignition

Where significant exposure is possible wear impervious body covering. It is recommended that showers are provided at locations where accidental exposure may occur.

#### 8.6 Environmental Exposure Controls

No special measures required.

9 Physical & Ch	emical properties
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Tested	in	accordance	with:
I ESIEU		accordance	WILLI.

ASTM D 286

9.1 Appearance	Clear liquid -Usually colourless to amber
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9.2 Odour	Bland	
9.3 pH	7.0 to 10.50	SAE J 1703
9.4 Boiling Range	> 260 Deg.C.	SAE J 1703.
9.5 Melting Point	< -50 Deg.C.	SAE J 1703
9.6 Flash Point:	> 100 Deg.C.	IP 35

> 300 Deg.C. 9.8 Flammability Limits Not established 9.9 Density 1.040 - 1.090 g/m

9.10 Solubility In water: miscible in any ratio In ethanol: miscible in any ratio

9.11 Partition Coefficient OECD 117 n-Octanol/Water (log POW) < 2.0 (all main ingredients)

9.12 Kinematic Viscosity Approx. 5-10 cSt ASTM D 445 9.13 Vapour Pressure < 2 millibars Reid

9.14 Vapour Density Not established 9.15 Evaporation Rate Negligible

# 10 Stability & Reactivity

# 10.1 Conditions to Avoid

Product is stable under normal conditions. Glycol Ethers can form peroxide on storage - do not distil to dryness.

#### 10.2 Materials to Avoid

Strong oxidising agents. For user safety, brake fluid should never be contaminated with any other substance.

### 10.3 Hazardous Decomposition Products

None known.

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (Comments may be based on analogy with similar products)

#### 11.1 Eve Contact

Product has an irritating effect on the eye, but it is not classed as an eye irritant (OECD Test Method 405).

#### 11.2 Skin Contact

Not classified as irritant (Test Method OECD 404) although some sensitive individuals may be affected. Repeated contact may de-fat the skin and cause dermatitis. Product does not contain any known sensitizers. Acute percutaneous toxicity is low LD50 (sk) Rat = > 2000 mg/kg.

#### 11.3 Ingestion

Product is of relatively low acute oral toxicity - however, if any significant amount is ingested there is a risk of renal damage which in extreme cases could lead to kidney failure, coma and death. LD50 (oral) Rat = > 5000 mg/kg. Sparse experience indicates lethal dose in man could be considerably less.

#### 11.4 Inhalation

Unlikely to be hazardous by inhalation at ambient due to low vapour pressure. If product is inhaled at elevated temperatures or as an aerosol it may irritate respiratory tract and may cause systemic effects similar to ingestion (see above).

> Data sheet: 03040 Date: 30.10.07 Issue: 1.0 2 of 3

#### 11.5 Chronic or Long Term Toxicity

General - There are no reports of long term adverse affects in man.

Carcinogenicity Not known to be carcinogenic.

Mutagenicity Not known to be mutagenic.

Reproductive Toxicity

Major ingredients have not been shown to cause significant fertility or development problems at levels which are not themselves toxic to the animal concerned. One minor ingredient – Methyl Diglycol – has been shown to affect foetus development in some studies and is classified as R63 – possible risk of harm to the unborn child.

# 12 Ecological Information

#### 12.1 Ecotoxicity - Product is of low acute ecotoxicity.

Fish 96h LC50 = > 100 mg/l (Oncorhynchus Mykiss)

Daphnia 48h EC50 = Not Determined but expected to be virtually non toxic.

Algae 72h EC50 = Not Determined but expected to be virtually non toxic.

#### 12.2 Mobility

Soluble in water and will partition to aqueous phase. Volatilisation from water to air not expected. Mobile in soil until degraded.

#### 12.3 Persistence/Degradability

Product is inherently biodegradable and is expected to be readily biodegradable. OECD 302B (Zahn Wellans/EMPA) = 100% elimination at 21 days. If admitted into adapted biological water treatment plants, no adverse effects on the degrading action of the live sludge are expected.

#### 12.4 Bioaccumulative Potential

Not expected to bioaccumulate. Log POW for all main ingredients = < 2.0

#### 13 Disposal Consideration

#### 13.1 Disposal Dangers

Not significant. As for spillages -avoid liquid entering drains, rivers etc.

#### 13.2 Disposal Methods

Controlled incineration or recycling is recommended.

#### 13.3 Regulations

Dispose of in accordance with local and national regulations. In the E.U. used brake fluids are covered by the Hazardous Waste Directive (91/689/EEC) while the Waste Framework Directive (75/442/EEC) also applies.

#### **14 Transport Information**

14.1U.K./E.U. RegulationsNot classified14.2 UN No./ClassNone

14.3ADR/RIDNot classified14.4 IMO/IMDGNot classified14.5 Marine PollutantNo

14.6 IATA/IACO Class Not classified

#### 15 Regulatory Information

15.1 E.U. Classification (U.K.-CHIP 3) Not classified as hazardous Risk Phrases N/A Safety Phrases N/A

# 15.2 Restrictions on use or Exposure

To be in accord with local and national regulations. In the U.K. this would include the HSWA and COSHH.

#### 15.3 Other

While the product is not officially classified as dangerous for supply, the following risk and safety phrases are strongly recommended:

- 1. Mildly irritating to the eyes.
- 2.Keep out of reach of children.
- 3.In case of contact with eyes flush immediately with water for 10 minutes. If irritation persists seek medical advice.
- 4.If swallowed seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.

#### 16 Other Regulations

Text of any Risk phrases listed in section 2:

R22 Harmful if swallowed.

R36 Irritating to eyes.

R63 Possible risk of harm to the unborn child.

The information contained in this Safety Data Sheet is provided in accordance with the Chemicals (Hazards Information and Packaging) Regulations 2002. The product may not be used for purposes other than those shown in sect. 1, without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written instructions. As the specific conditions of use of this product are outside of the suppliers control, the user is responsible for ensuring that the requirements of relevant legislation are complied with.

The information contained in this Safety Data Sheet is based on the present state of knowledge and current national legislation. It provides guidance on health, safety and environment aspects of the product and should not be construed as any guarantee of technical performance or suitability for particular applications.

Data sheet: 03040 Date: 30.10.07 Issue: 1.0 3 of 3